

Stanley Skupsky University of Rochester Laboratory for Laser Energetics High Average Power Laser Program Workshop NRL 5–6 December 2002

Contributors



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Direct-drive IFE target designs can have gains approaching 300



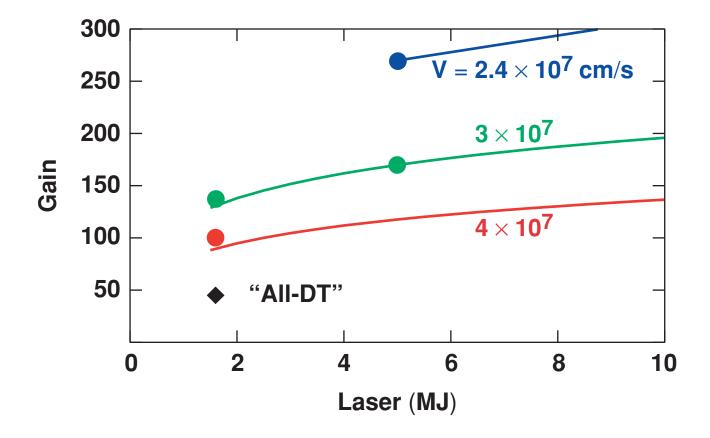
- wetted foam for enhanced laser absorption and
- an intensity picket for adiabat shaping and imprint reduction.
- The target design concepts can be tested with experiments on the OMEGA laser

High-gain target designs combine wetted foam with adiabat shaping

Moderate-Z material increases laser absorption without significant radiation preheat. 400 CH(DT)₂₀ 5 MJ Power (TW DT 300 200 3.1 mm 100 Ο 10 20 30 Λ Time (ps) Intensity spike reduces imprint and shapes adiabat.

Target gains of ~300 are possible for direct-drive IFE designs using wetted foam and adiabat shaping

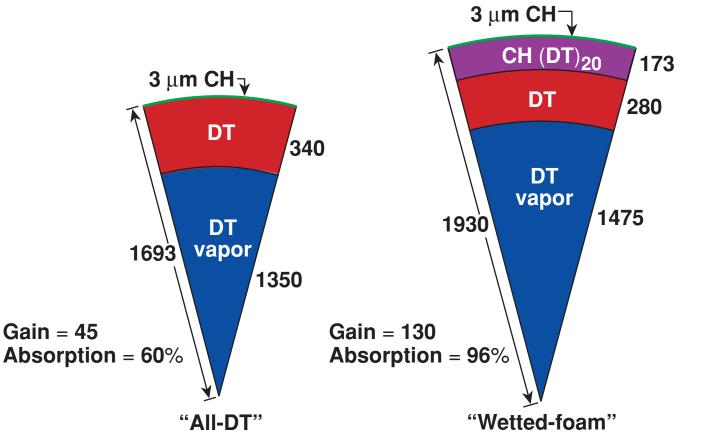
LLE



NIF

Wetted-foam targets have higher laser absorption than DT, allowing more fuel and higher gain

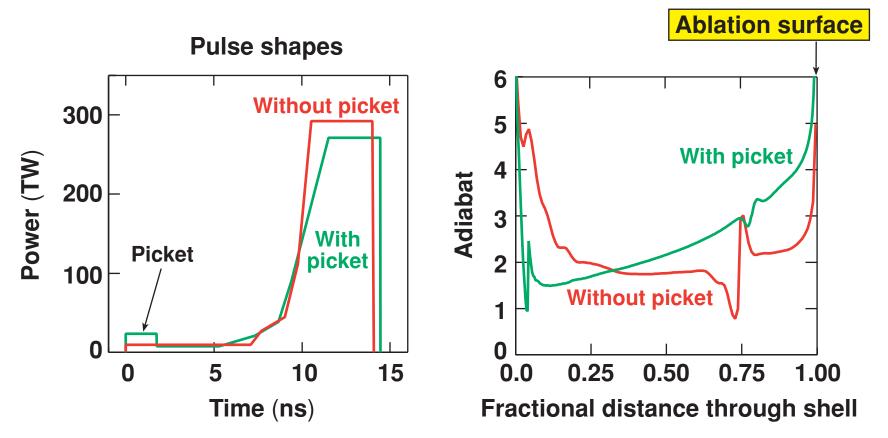
Foams have been used previously to selectively radiatively preheat the ablator.¹



- The foam also protects the fuel from preheat due to radiation from the CH.
- A lower-gain (G = 80), more-stable target with $CH(DT)_4$ foam has also been designed.

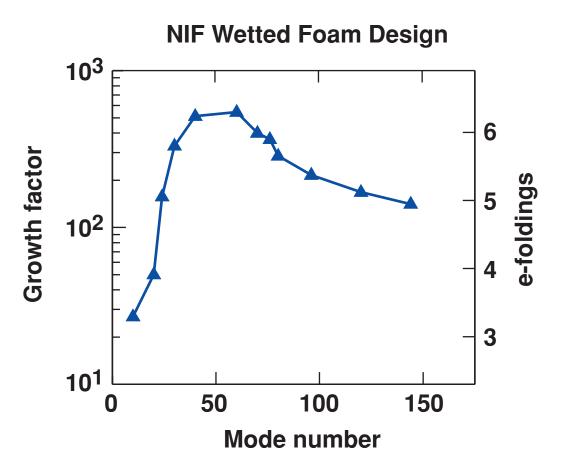
A "picket" prepulse provides increased stability

- A high-intensity picket results in a decaying shock.
- This results in an adiabat that decreases throughout the shell, stabilizing the outer surface without preheating the fuel.



Growth Factors

2-D linear growth-factor calculations show only moderate growth of nonuniformities



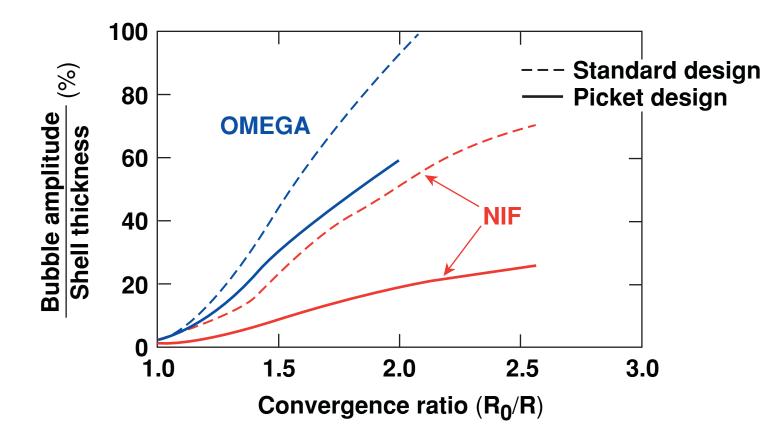
OMEGA

Stabilizing effects of adiabat shaping can be tested on the "all-DT," α = 3 OMEGA target design

LLE Two pulse shapes were considered 10 Power (TW) **DT** ice **85** μ**m** 1 -430 µm-1.0 1.5 2.0 0.0 0.5 2.5 Time (ns) 10 8 V_a (µm/ns) Shaped adiabat 6 4 2 0 25 50 175 75 125 200 0 150 100 **Distance traveled** (µm)

Enhanced stability during acceleration is predicted for the picket design

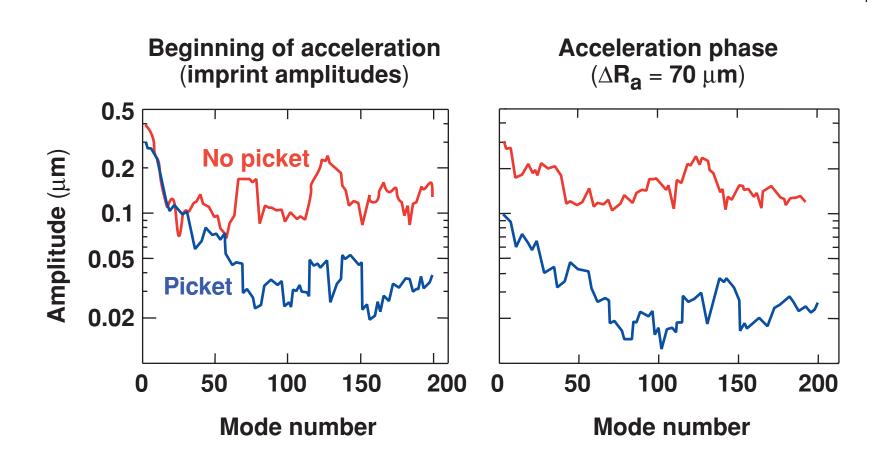
- 1-THz, 2-D SSD, 80-nm outer surface roughness, 1 μ m inner ice roughnes
- The bubble amplitude is calculated using the stability postprocessor.¹



¹V. N. Goncharov *et al.*, Phys. Plasmas <u>7</u>, 5118 (2000).

OMEGA

Mode decomposition shows the effect of the picket on the laser imprint amplitudes¹ and RT growth rates



¹T. J. B. Collins and S. Skupsky, Phys. Plasmas <u>9</u>, 275 (2002).

Wetted-foam experiments on OMEGA could produce $30 \times$ the neutron yield as all-DT experiments due to increased laser absorption

OMEGA Designs (α = 3)

| | All DT Wetted foar | | |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Neutron yield | 1.1 \times 10 ¹⁴ 3.6 \times 10 ¹⁵ | | |
| Gain | 0.01 0.3 | | |
| Absorption (%) | 40 | 73 | |
| Peak ρR (g/cm ²) | 0.25 0.57 | | |
| Adiabat (α) | 3 | 2.5 | |
| Shell velocity (cm/s) | 3.7 × 10 ⁷ | 4.7 × 10 ⁷ | |

High gain for IFE requires the shift to low implosion velocities and reduced fuel adiabats

| | 1.5 MJ | | 5 MJ | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|------|------|
| Gain | 100 | 137 | 170 | 270 |
| V (× 10 ⁷ cm/s) | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2.4 |
| ρ R (g/cm²) | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Adiabat (α) | 2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Absorption | 92 % | 87 % | 88% | 90% |
| Bubble/thickness | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.05 |

Summary/Conclusions

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